



## 2025 Wheat Objective Yield Enumerator Quiz Key

Pages may be wrong, please advise.



1. State the purpose of the Wheat Objective Yield survey in your own words:  
**To make counts and measurements used to forecast yield per acre, harvest loss per acre, and collect changes in acreage intended for harvest. Pages 101-102**
2. Samples for the Winter Wheat Objective Yield survey are selected from \_\_\_\_\_.  
**a) the March Crops Agricultural Production Survey (farms who reported Winter Wheat acreage for harvest) Page 104**
3. The starting corner is \_\_\_\_\_.  
**d) the first corner of the field reached that will allow the units to fall anywhere within the field boundaries with equal probability Page 401**
4. When counting paces along the edge of the field, you should walk \_\_\_\_\_.  
**c) parallel to the longer side of the field Page 401**
5. The length of the buffer zone is \_\_\_\_\_.  
**d) 5 feet Page 404**
6. Blue florist stakes are used for marking the \_\_\_\_\_.  
**b) clip area Pages 406, 407**
7. Record all row space measurements as \_\_\_\_\_ for broadcast seeded units.  
**999.9 Page 409**
8. When one unit falls in a blank area that was not deducted from the acreage on Form A, you should \_\_\_\_\_.  
**a) circle an 8 for the maturity code on the form b and enter dashes for the counts Pages 411**
9. While counting paces into the field, you come to a blank area that was deducted from the acreage for harvest on the form you should \_\_\_\_\_.  
**c) stop counting paces until you cross the blank area and then resume your count Page 402**
10. You start counting paces to locate Unit 2 \_\_\_\_\_.  
**d) where the last pace for unit 1 was taken Page 407**
11. If you cannot locate the units laid out earlier when you return for the July 1 survey, you should \_\_\_\_\_.  
**c) relocate the units, enter a 2 in item 4 on Form B, and complete item 5 Page 502**
12. Row measurements will be made \_\_\_\_\_.  
**d) when the unit is first laid out and/or relocated Page 504**

13. The plants in the field are mostly green. The heads around the units have soft kernels which are moist and milky. A milky liquid is easily squeezed from the grain. The maturity stage is \_\_\_\_\_.
- c) milk** **Page 508**
14. If unit one maturity code is 2 and unit two maturity code is 3, you would start counts for unit two with \_\_\_\_\_ on the Form B.
- a) Item 7** **Pages 505, 506, 507, 510**
15. Stalks of wheat growing between row 2 and row 3 of the count area should be included in the counts for \_\_\_\_\_.
- Stalks of wheat growing between row 2 and row 3 of the count area should be included in the counts for row 2.** **Page 509**
16. When are detached head counts entered in Item 9?
- b) during the final pre-harvest visit only** **Page 512**
17. When you return to the field on June 25, you find that the part of the field containing unit 2 is already harvested you should \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) complete counts for unit 1, enter dashes in Items 7-9 for unit 2, and note unit 2 is already harvested wait to lay out unit 2 gleaning area until unit 1 has also been harvested** **Pages 502**
18. Which row is clipped on the first visit for the survey when the sample is in the soft dough maturity stage?
- b) Row 1** **Page 513-514**
19. While mowing stalks in the designated clip area of unit one, only 3 emerged heads are clipped. When the half-way point is reached you should \_\_\_\_\_.
- e) stop mowing stalks, and record 3 emerged heads on the sample ID tag** **Page 514**
20. Any additional emerged heads taken from an immature sample's designated clip area should be placed \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) in the large paper bag** **Page 515**
21. When unit one maturity code is 8, and unit two maturity code is 2, during your first visit to the sample field you should \_\_\_\_\_.
- d) not clip heads** **Pages 411, 513**
22. \_\_\_\_\_ in the count area is clipped from during the final pre-harvest visit?
- a) Every row** **Page 519**
23. If the sample field has been plowed, grazed, or the straw picked-up after harvest, you should \_\_\_\_\_.
- d) select an alternate field, if one is available and glean it** **Page 601**
24. The post-harvest gleanings data are used for \_\_\_\_\_.
- d) providing harvest loss indications to adjust the gross yield to a net yield** **Page 601**

25. \_\_\_\_\_ wheat grains collected in a post-harvest gleanings unit are equivalent to one bushel of harvest loss per acre?  
**c) 80 Page 605**
26. Any wheat heads lying on the gleanings unit boundaries should \_\_\_\_\_.  
**b) be collected from the two boundaries that originate at the starting corner Page 603**
27. If available, what is your first option for shipping OY field samples?  
**c) UPS Page 526**
28. Form B status codes are used to identify the sample's status for the current enumeration period \_\_\_\_\_.  
**a) based upon recorded observations Page 704**
29. What status code should be selected when the sampled field has a maturity code of 6 or 7 and you have harvested and packaged the final pre-harvest samples for shipment to the National Laboratory for processing?  
**b) Status Code 4 Page 705**
30. Which of the following is **not** a minimum data requirement for selecting status code 4 when both units are blank?  
**a) Number of stalks (stems) in a row must be positive. Page 703**
31. When should you send your cut samples to the Lab?  
**c) Within 24 hours of cutting Page 527**