

Solar Energy: New threat or opportunity for farmland preservation

Sarah Mills, PhD

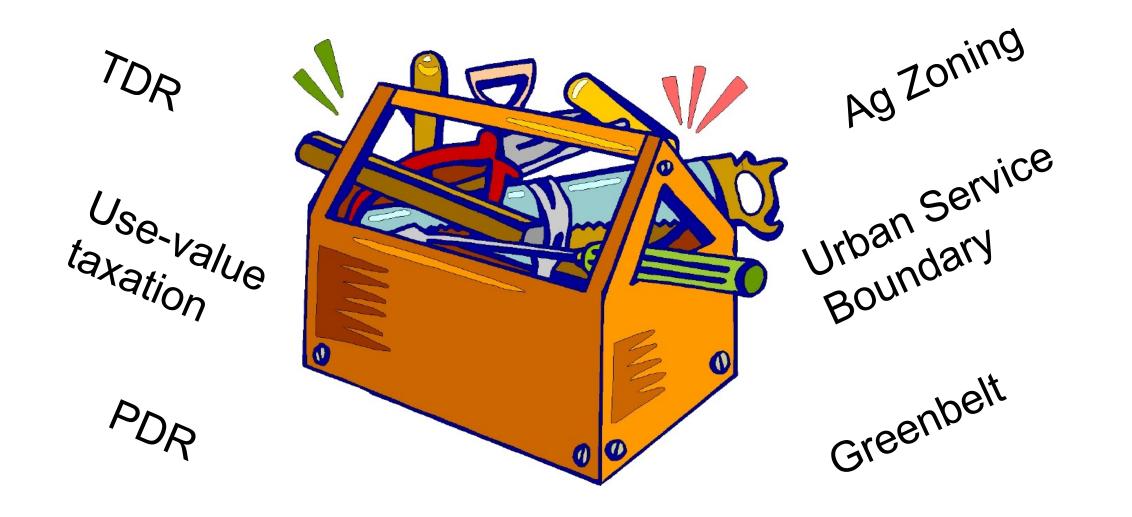
Purdue Farm Policy Study Group
December 14, 2021

The Problem





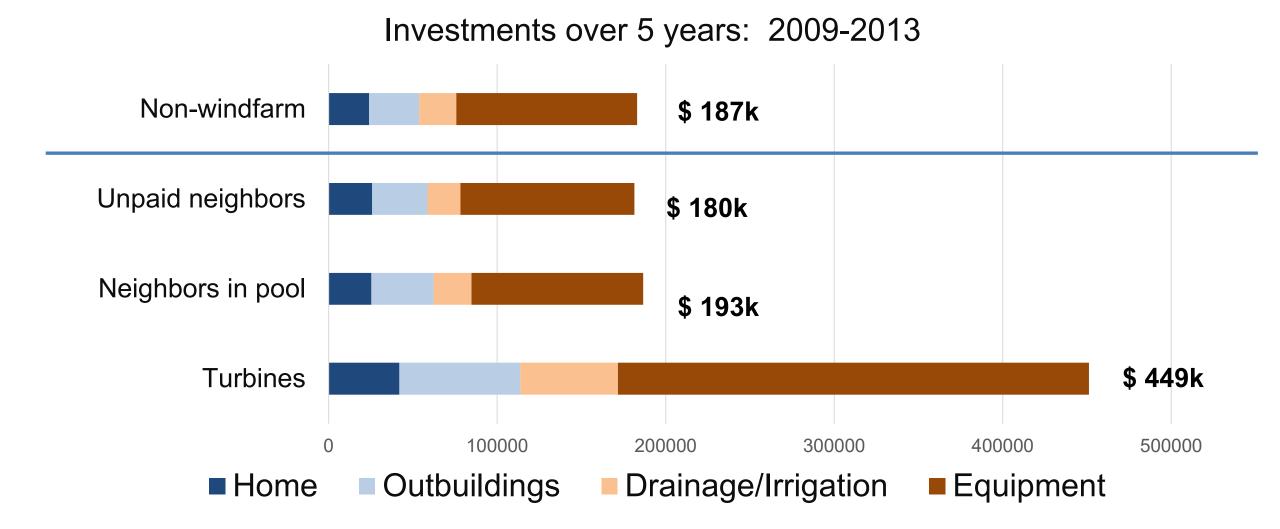
The (Unchanged) Farmland Preservation Toolbox



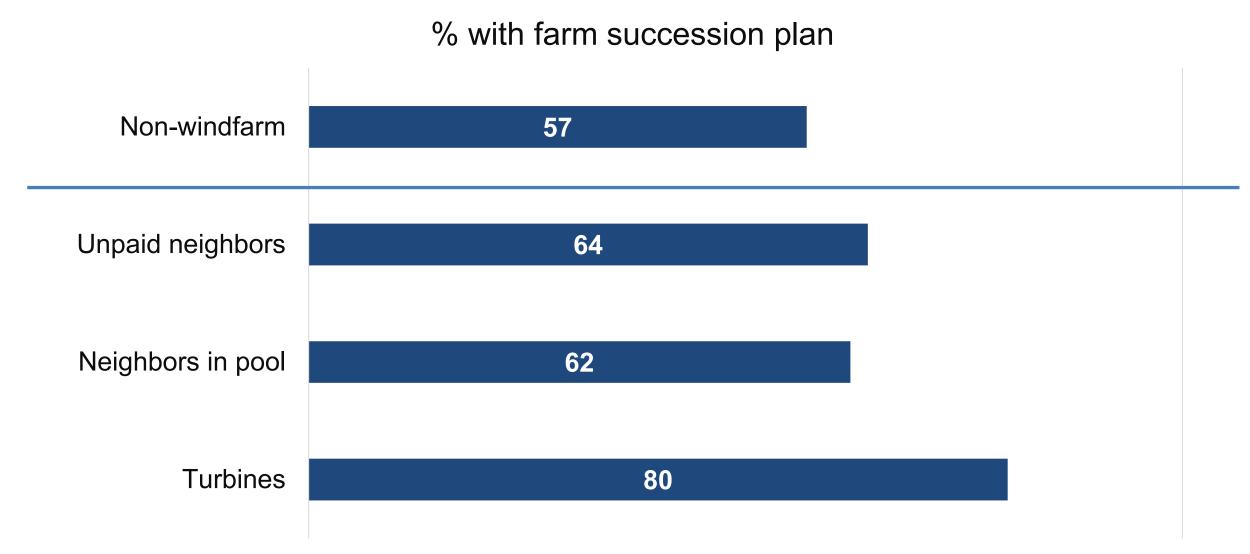
A Farmland Preservation Strategy?



On-farm investment



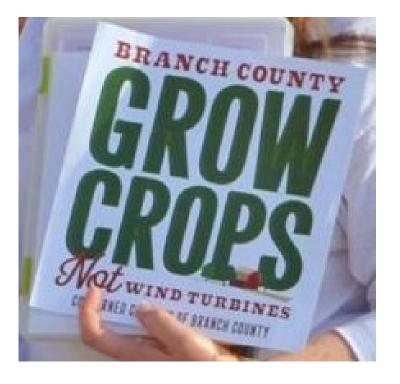
Farm Succession



Not without controversy; typically, nonfarmers



Save the Huron Mountains



2018 research on Wind in 4 states



Energy Research & Social Science
Volume 72, February 2021, 101873



Original research article

Farmers vs. lakers: Agriculture, amenity, and community in predicting opposition to United States wind energy development

Douglas L. Bessette a ≥ M, Sarah B. Mills b

Contention may be a fixed part of the

Bottom Line on Wind

Wind = economic development

- If goal is to sustain agriculture, wind can fit
- If goal is for substantial residential development or growth of tourism, wind may not be right



Solar: New Threat or Opportunity?







What we're not talking about



What we're not talking about (but will mention later)



https://news.energysage.com/how-many-solar-panels-do-i-need/ https://www.purdue.edu/newsroom/releases/2019/Q3/new-research-aims-to-optimize-farmland-use-for-crops,-solar-electricity-production.html

What we are talking about



Lapeer, MI, 267 acres

Two Creeks, WI, 800 acres

https://madison.com/wsj/business/construction-at-halfway-mark-for-wisconsins-first-large-scale-solar-farm/article_a3153d9a-e93e-5807-a975-036f241702ff.html

Existing Utility-scale Solar 279 MW (342 MW more under construction)

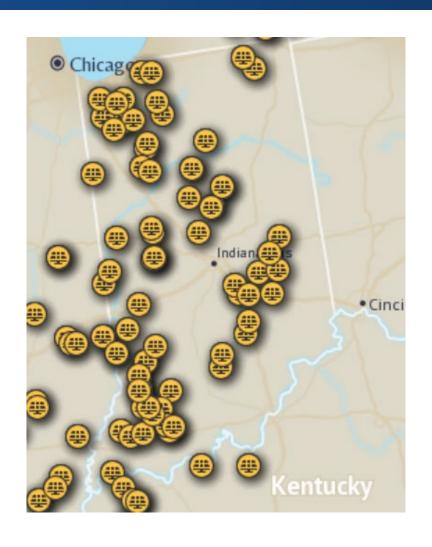


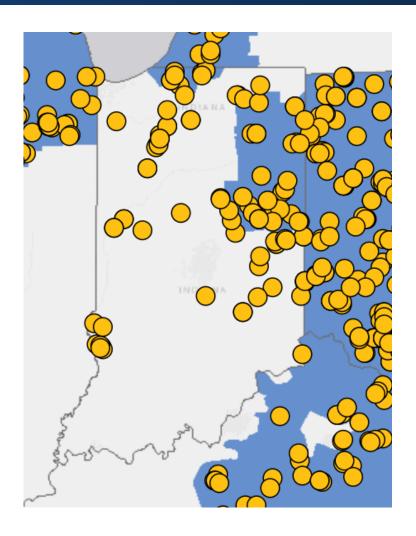
Average size (built): 3.7 MW

Average size (construction): 26 MW



Solar being considered in IN 14,700 MW (MISO) + 26,100 MW (PJM)





Average size: 161/199 MW

~1,000-2,000 acres each

Source: MISO Queue, PJM Queue, 12/10/2021

Not all—but lots—will be built





AEP Energy, one of the largest electric energy wholesale and retail suppliers in the U.S., and Global Energy Generation LLC (Doral LLC), a developer of renewable energy projects, have signed a long-term renewable energy purchase agreement for the Mammoth Solar project in Indiana.

Mammoth Solar 1, a 480 MW DC solar energy

project, is the first phase of the 1.65 GW DC Mammoth project being developed by Dora LLC. The Mammoth solar project covers more than 12,000 acres in Starke and Pulaski Counties in northern Indiana.

October 21, 2020

NIPSCO Announces New Indiana-Based Solar Projects to Power 270,000 Homes by 2023

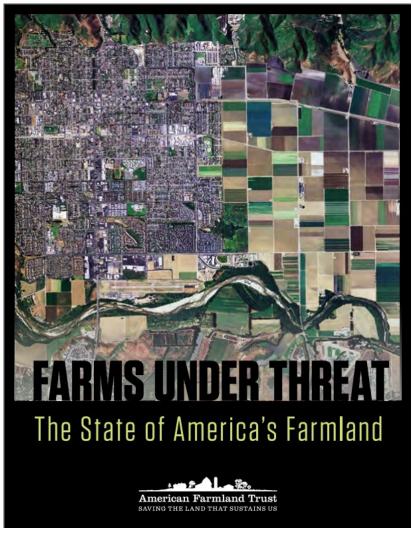
Solar: New Threat or Opportunity?







Both?



"Renewable energy creates opportunities for farmers and landowners to earn new income

but also poses threats to farmland and local food systems."



- Urban boundary
- Rural vista

Habitat

- Land for growing food
- Farm livelihoods



- Urban boundary
- Rural vista

Habitat

Land for growing food

Farm livelihoods

- Land occupied 30+ years
 - Decommissioning standard
- No demands on services

- Contribute to taxes
 - How much varies state to state



- Urban boundary
- Rural vista

Habitat

- Land for growing food
- Farm livelihoods

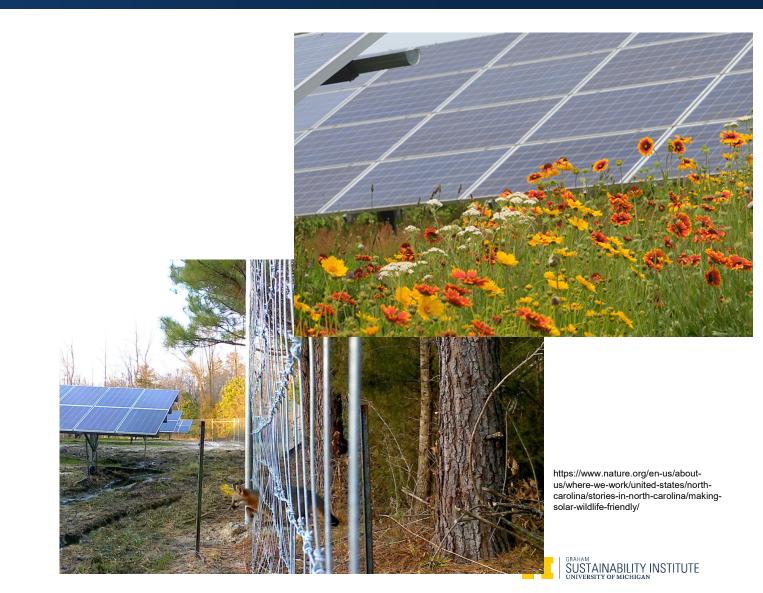


Source: Anthony Wahl/Janesville Gazette https://lmtribune.com/agriculture/farming-land-surrounded-by-solar/article_4159269a-b0c0-559e-aad5-fcb561b20fb8.html



- Urban boundary
- Rural vista
- Habitat

- Land for growing food
- Farm livelihoods



- Urban boundary
- Rural vista

Habitat

- Land for growing food
- Farm livelihoods



Very niche for foreseeable future



- Urban boundary
- Rural vista

Habitat

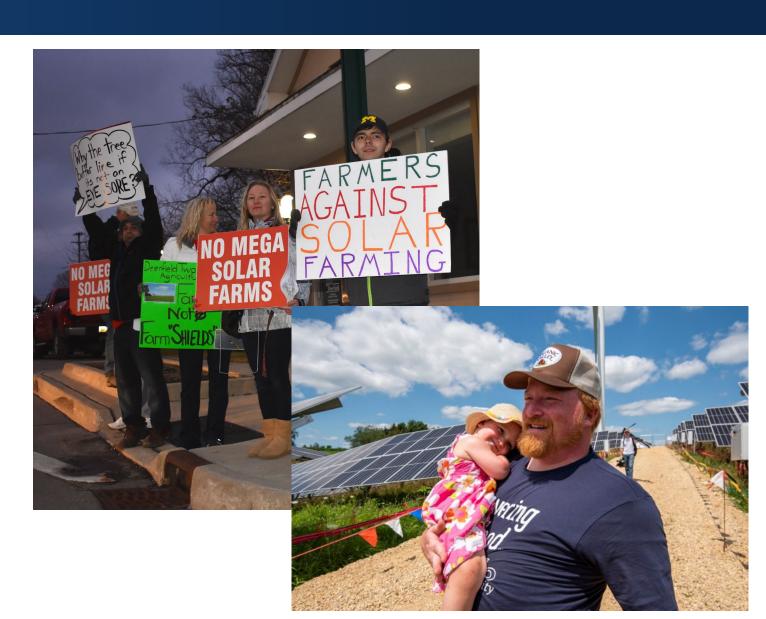
- Land for growing food
- Farm livelihoods

- Short-term vs. long-term?
- Do land use requirements limit "reversability"?



- Urban boundary
- Rural vista

- Habitat
- Land for growing food
- Farm livelihoods



- Urban boundary
- Rural vista

Habitat

Land for growing food

Farm livelihoods

DOE-funded Research (2021-2024)

- How much solar land is leased vs. purchased?
- What are leaseholders doing with revenue?
 - How does lease revenue recirculate in local economy?
- Comparison of solar to ag (inputs, taxes)



MI Farmland Preservation (PA 116) Policy as of June 2019

- Can put agreement on "pause" if...
 - Maintain existing drainage / field tile
 - Plant cover crop including pollinator habitat
 - End-of-life remediation
 - + Surety bond/letter of credit

Aim to protect long-term farmability of land; provide farmers/farm communities with new income stream



Solar & Farmland Preservation in other states

- Utility-scale solar, very mixed
 - CA, NY, VT = remove with penalty
 - OH (differential assessment) = remove
 - IA, HI, MD = similar to MI
 - Oregon = permitted
- By comparison, utility-scale wind most often permitted
- On-farm solar, wind generally allowed

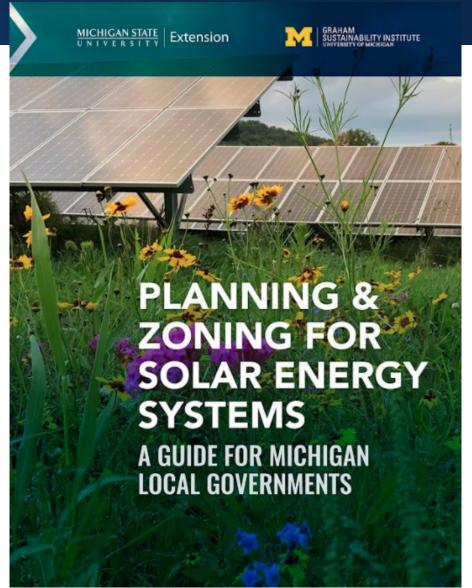


NEW RESOURCE

extension.msu.edu/solarzoning

Other Authors

Brad Neumann, AICP, MSU Senior Extension Educator
Mary Reilly, AICP, MSU Extension Educator
Harmony Gmazel, AICP, MSU Extension Educator
M. Charles Gould, MSU Extension Educator – Bioenergy
Wayne Beyea, JD, AICP, Senior Specialist, MSU School
of Planning, Design and Construction
Hannah Smith, University of Michigan graduate student
Jason Derry, MSU Urban and Regional Planning student
Emma Gilbert, MSU Urban and Regional Planning
student



Our advice to communities on solar and ag

What does <u>your</u> community mean by farmland preservation?

- Be consistent
 - What else do you allow in ag district?
 - Golf course? Residential development?



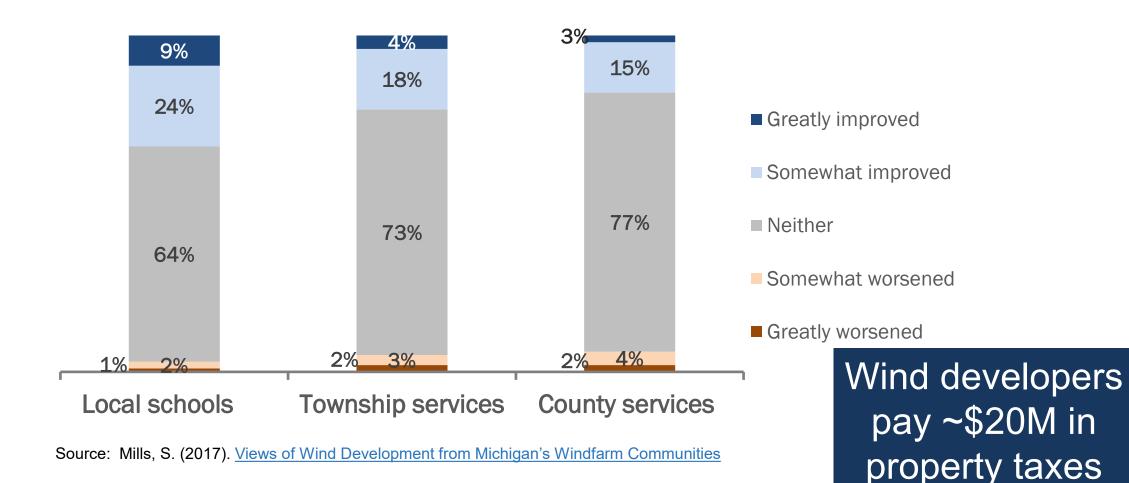
Thank you & questions

Sarah Mills, PhD
Senior Project Manager
Graham Sustainability Institute
University of Michigan

sbmills@umich.edu



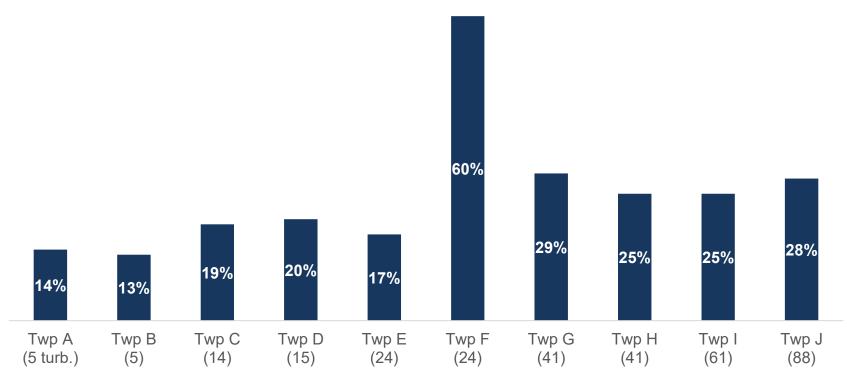
Perceptions of Property Taxes



each year

Perceptions of Property Taxes

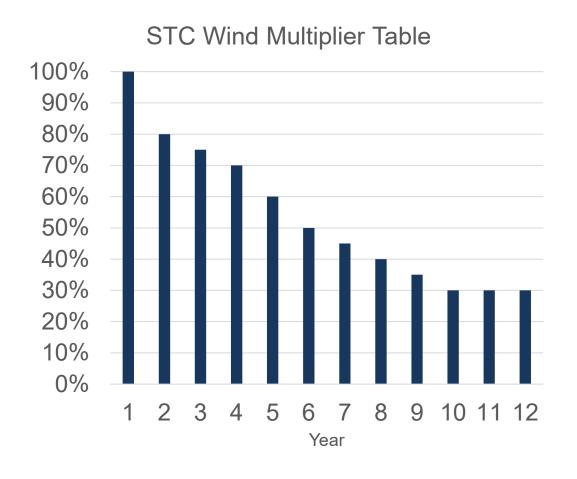
% who said Township Services Improved from Wind Development







Perceptions of Property Taxes



Human nature

Revenue decline over time

Changes = Uncertainty



